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UJEC1: 41665.1C

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

CONTENTS

SHEET	DESCRIPTION
1	TITLE SHEET
2	LEGEND
3	SITE PLAN
4	CROSS SECTIONS
5-6	BORE LOGS

STRUCTURE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

PROJ. REF	FERENCE NO	41665.1C	SF-9606	94	_ F.	A.PR	0J .	_
COUNTY	WILKES							
PROJECT	DESCRIPTION	BRIDGE	NO. 694	ON	SR	1304	OVER	
	PRONG LE							
SITE DES	CRIPTION							
0112 020	or							

STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHBET NO.	SEEETS
N.C.	41665.1C	1	6

CAUTION NOTICE

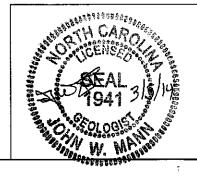
THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING, AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE MARKUS FIELD BORNOK LOGS, ROCK CORES, AND SOIR, TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REMUYED OR HISPECTED IN RALEDH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, CEOTECHNICAL ENCINEERING LINIT AT 1999 250-0408. RETHER THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, NOR THE FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, OR SOIL TEST DATA ARE PART OF THE CONTRACT.

GENERAL SOR AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A CECTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVABLABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORNES OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE, THE LABORATIONY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU UN-PLACED TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DESCREE OF RELIABILITY INMERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOLL MOSTUME CONDITIONS HOWATER ON THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOLL MOISTUME CONDITIONS AND VARY CONSIDERABLY WINT THAT ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION, AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DESIGN OF MARRANT OR QUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, OR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE, OR DRINKING OF DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCT OF THE RECOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH MORPHOIGHT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATESY THRESELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAMFOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY MEASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THIS PROMECT. THE

· 	D.O. CHEEK
_	CJ. COFFEY
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INVESTIGATED BY	J.W. MANN
CHECKED BY	J.C. KUHNE
	J.C. KUHNE
DATE	

PERSONNEL D.C. ELLIOTT



PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SHEET NO. 41665.IC SF-960694 2 OF 6

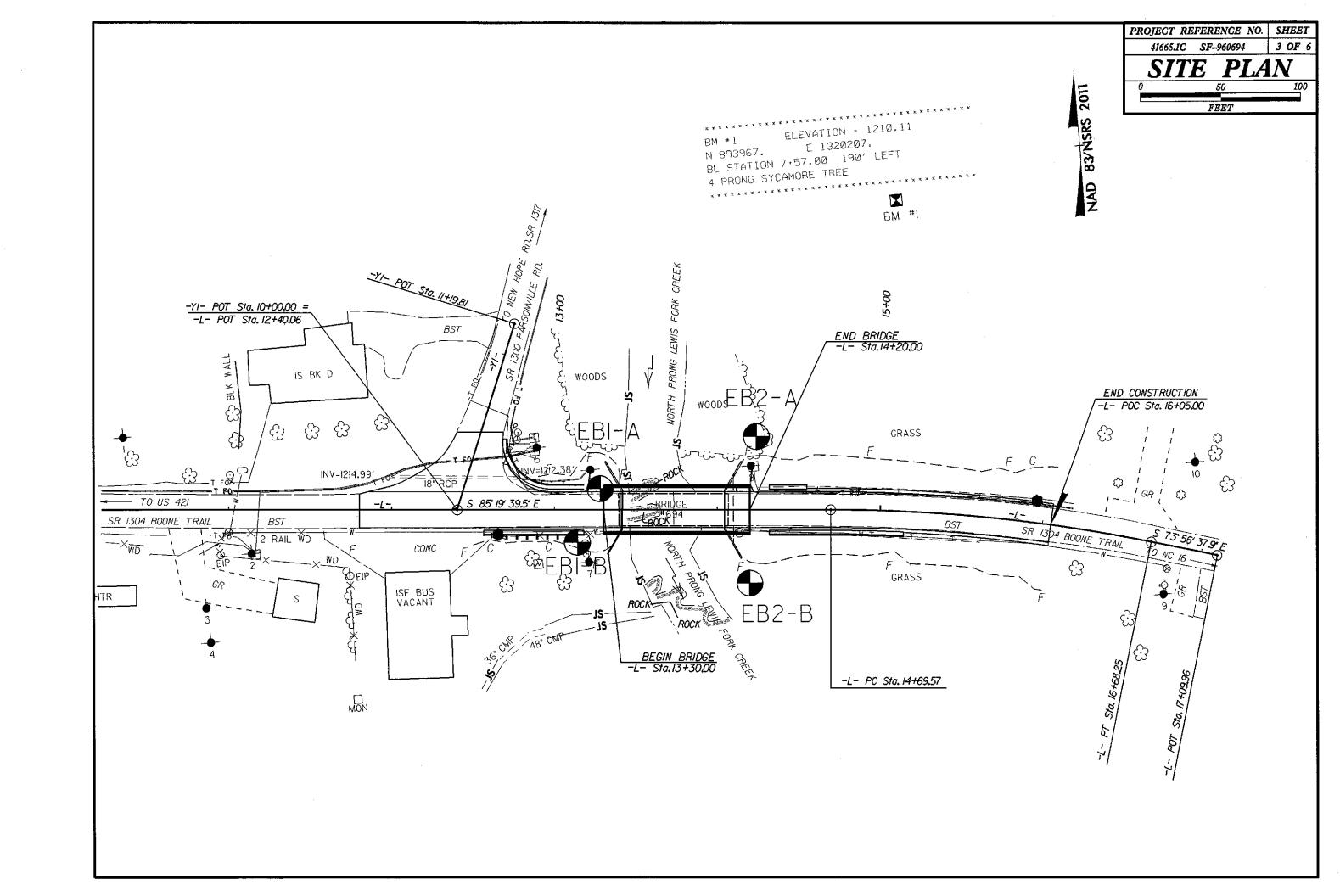
NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

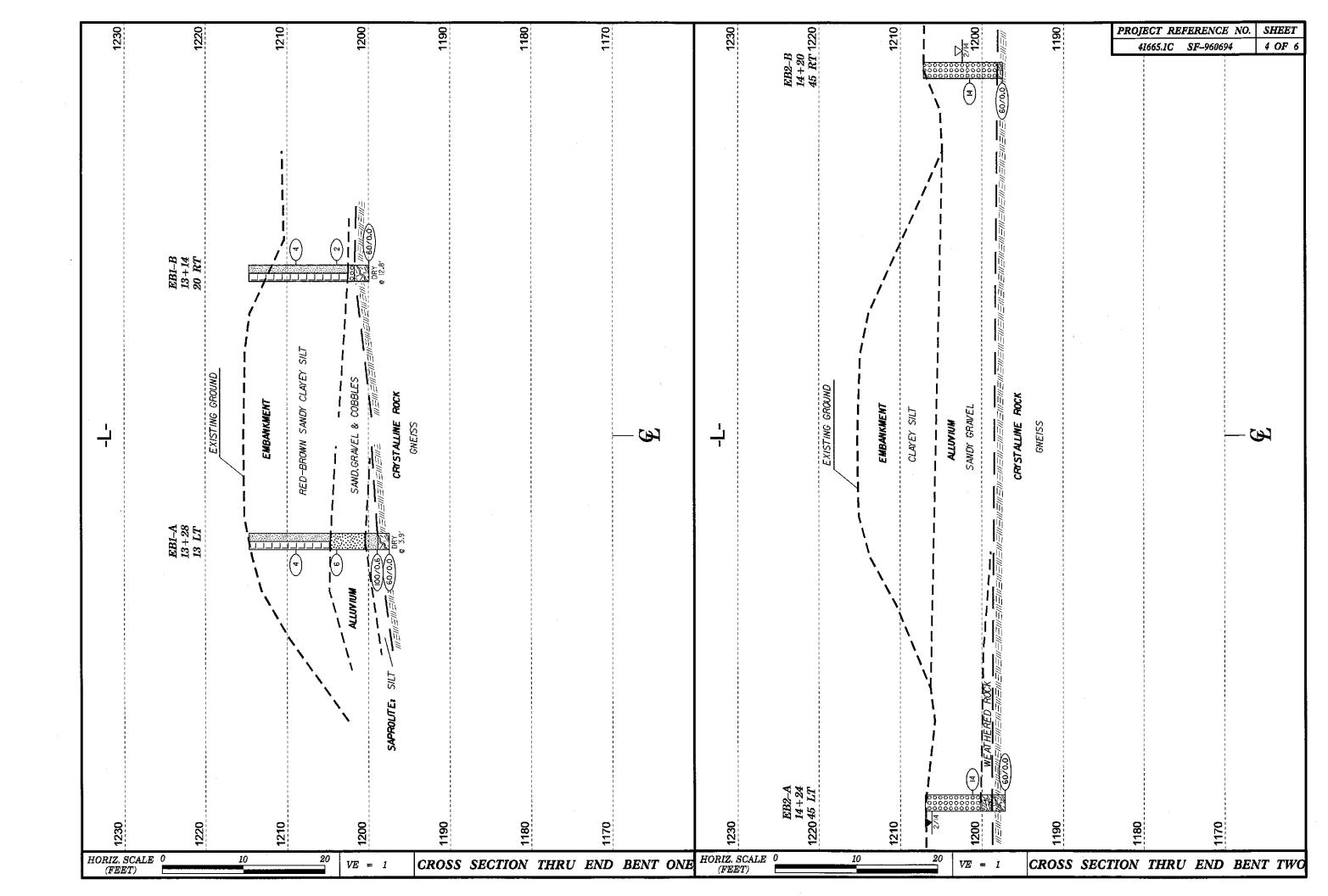
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

	SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERM	S, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS	
SOIL DESCRIPTION	GRADATION	ROCK DESCRIPTION	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS
SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR VEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS	WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORM - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. (ALSO	HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL.	ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER.
THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND YIELD LESS THAN 180 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (#ASHTO 1296, ASTM D-1586), SOIL	POORLY GRADED: <u>GAP-GRADED</u> - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.	SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN ØJ FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE	ACUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA. ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.
CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH	ANGULARITY OF GRAINS	OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:	ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS,
AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE: VERY STAFF, GRAV, SUTY CLAY, MOST WITH INTERRECORD FIRE SAND LIVERS, MININY PLASTIC, A-7-6	THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR. SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.	NEATHERED NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100	OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.
SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION	MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION	ROCK (NR) BLOWS PER FOOT IF TESTED. COVETALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN JONEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT	ATTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE
GENERAL GRANULAR MATERIALS SILT-CLAY MATERIALS CLASS. (≤35% PASSING #200) (>35% PASSING #200) ORGANIC MATERIALS	MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELOSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.	CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR) GREISS, GABBRO, SCHIST, EFC.	GROUND SURFACE. CALCAREDUS (CALC.) - SDILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE.
GROUP A-1 A-3 A-2 A-4 A-5 A-6 A-7 A-1, A-2 A-4. A-5	COMPRESSIBILITY	NDN-CRYSTALLINE FINE TO COARSE GRAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN	COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM
CLASS. A-1-a A-1-b A-2-4 A-2-5 A-2-6 A-2-7 A-7-8 A-7-8 A-3 A-6, A-7	SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 31	ROCK (NCR) SEQUENTIANT ROCK THAT WOOLD FELLD SPT REPOSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TIPE INCLUDES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC.	OF SLOPE.
SYMBOL DODGEDOOG	MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT EQUAL TO 31-50 HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50	COASTAL PLAIN COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SEDIMENTARY ROCK SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SEDIMENTARY ROCK SEDIMENTARY ROCK SEDIMENTARY ROCK SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD SEDIMENTARY ROCK SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD	CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
2. PASSING SILT- MUCK,	PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL GRANULAR SILT CLAY	WEATHERING	DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT
# 40 30 MX 50 MX 51 MX PEAT	UNDANIC MATERIAL SOILS SOILS OTHER MATERIAL	FRESH ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER	ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK. DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE
= 200 15 HX 25 HX 18 HX 35 HX 35 HX 35 HX 35 HX 36 HX	TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10% LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 20%	HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE.	HORIZONTAL.
LI0000 LIMIT	MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 26% SDME 28 - 35% HIGHLY ORGANIC >10% >26% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE	VERY SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, IN SLID CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FACE SHINE BRIGHTLY, ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF	DIP DIRECTION OUP AZIMUTH - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.
GROUP INDEX 0 8 8 4 HX 8 HX 12 HX 16 HX No HX MODERATE DRGANIC	GROUND WATER	OF A CRYSTALLINE NATURE. SLIGHT ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO	FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO DIS ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.
USUAL TYPES STONE FRAGS. FINE SILTY OR CLAYEY SILTY CLAYEY ORGANIC	WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING	(SLI.) 1 INCH. DPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANTOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.
MATERIALS SAND SAND SAND SAND SULS SULS	STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS	MODERATE SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN	FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLOGGED FROM
AS A EXCELLENT TO GOOD FAIR TO POOR FAIR TO POOR POOR UNSUITABLE	E PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA	(MOD.) GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED	PARENT MATERIAL.
SUBGRAUE PI OF A-7-5 SUBGROUP IS ≤ LL - 30 ; PI OF A-7-6 SUBGROUP IS > LL - 30	SPRING OR SEEP	WITH FRESH ROCK.	FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.
CONSISTENCY OR DENSENESS	MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS	MODERATELY ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL SEVERE AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH	FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN
PRIMARY SOIL TYPE COMPACTNESS OR PENETRATION RESISTENCE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH	ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION	MOD. SEV.) AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK. IF TESTED, NOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL	THE FIELD. JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.
CONSISTENCE (N-VALUE) (TONS/F1/2)	THE SECOND SECON	SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED, ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVICENT BUT REDUCED	LEGGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO
GENERALLY LOOSE 4 TO 10	SOL STREET	(SEV.) IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KADLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN.	ITS LATERAL EXTENT.
MATERIAL DENSE 10 TO 30 TO 50	ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER ————————————————————————————————————	IF TESTED, VIELOS SPT N VALUES > 188 BPF VERY SEVERE ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLOPED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT	LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS MOTTLING IN
VERY DENSE >50	INFERRED SOIL BOUNDARY MONITORING WELL	(V SEV.) THE MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK	SOILS USUALLY INDICATES PODR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE. PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN
VERY SOFT <2 <0.25 GENERALLY SOFT 2 TO 4 0.25 TO 0.50	INFERRED ROCK LINE A PIEZOMETER	REMAINING, SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE SUCH THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF THE ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF	INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.
SILT-CLAY MEDIUM STIFF 4 TO 8 0.5 TO 1.0 MATERIAL STIFF 8 TO 15 1 TO 2	INSTALLATION The state of the	COMPLETE ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL, ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS, QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS, SAPROLITE IS	RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL, FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.
(COHESIVE) VERY STIFF 15 TO 30 2 TO 4 HARD >30 >4	25/225 DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF	SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS, COURTZ MAT BE PRESENT AS DIRES ON STRINGERS, SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.	ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND
TEXTURE OR GRAIN SIZE	ROCK STRUCTURES CONE PENETROMETER TEST	ROCK HARDNESS	EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
U.S. STD. SIEVE SIZE 4 10 40 60 200 270	● SOUNDING ROD	VERY HARD CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHARP PICK, BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK.
OPENING (MM) 4.76 2.00 0.42 0.25 0.075 0.053	ABBREVIATIONS	HARD CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REGUIRED	SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL
BOULDER COBBLE GRAVEL COARSE FINE SILT CLAY	AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST	TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.	TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.
(BLDR.) (CDB.) (GR.) (CSE. SD.) (F SD.) (SL.) (CL.)	BT - BORING TERMINATED MICA MICACEOUS WEA WEATHERED CL CLAY MOD MODERATELY 2' - UNIT WEIGHT	MODERATELY CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK, GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE HARD EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK, HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED	SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE.
GRAIN MM 305 75 2.0 0.25 0.05 0.005 SIZE IN. 12 3	CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST NP - NON PLASTIC $\hat{\gamma}_{ m d}$ - DRY UNIT WEIGHT CSE COARSE ORG ORGANIC	BY MODERATE BLOWS. MEDIUM CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 0.05 INCHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT.	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) DF
SOIL MOISTURE - CORRELATION OF TERMS	DMT - DILATOMETER TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS	HARD CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PEICES I INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.	A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REDUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS
SDIL MOISTURE BCALE FIELD MOISTURE GUIDE FOR FIELD MOISTURE DESCRIPTION	DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST SAP SAPROLITIC S - BULK e - VOID RATIO SD SAND, SANDY SS - SPLIT SPOON	SOFT CAN BE GROVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK, CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS	THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.
	F - FINE SL SILTY ST - SHELBY TUBE FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SLI SLIGHTLY RS - ROCK	FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.	STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SRECA - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
- SATURATED - USUALLY LIQUID; VERY WET, USUALLY (SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE	FRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL FRAGS FRAGMENTS W - MOISTURE CONTENT CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING	VERY CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 1 INCH	STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SRQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE
PLASTIC CENTER DESIGNED DATE TO	HI HIGHLY V - VERY RATIO	SOFT OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE, CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGERNAIL.	TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
RANGE < - WET - (W) SEMISOLITY REGULARS DATING TO	EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT	FRACTURE SPACING BEDDING	TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.
PLL — renotite tilvati	DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TODLS: HAMMER TYPE:	TERM SPACING TERM THICKNESS VERY WIDE MORE THAN 19 FEET VERY THICKLY BEDDED > 4 FEET	BENCH MARK: BM #1: 4 PRONG SYCAMORE TREE
OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE - MOIST - (M) SOLID: AT OR NEAR OPTIMUM MOISTURE	MOBILE B- CLAY BITS X AUTOMATIC MANUAL	WIDE 3 TO 10 FEET THURK PEODED 1.5 - 4 FEET	BLSTATION_7+57.00_190'_LT
SL SHRINKAGE LIMIT	6° CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER CORE SIZE:	CLOSE 0.16 TO 1 FEET VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 - 0.16 FEET	NOTES:
- DRY - (D) ATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE	BK-51 8' HOLLOW AUCERS -B	THINLY LAMINATED (0.008 FEET	
PLASTICITY	CME-45C HARD FACED FINGER BITS -N	INDURATION FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE MARDENING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.	
PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH NONPLASTIC 9-5 VERY LOW	TUNGCARBIDE INSERTS -H	CHORNIC WITH FINESE FORCE MINISPELL COATES	
LOW PLASTICITY 6-15 SLIGHT	X CASING X W/ ADVANCER HAND TOOLS:	FRIABLE GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.	
MED. PLASTICITY 16-25 MEDIUM HIGH PLASTICITY 26 OR MORE HIGH	PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE STEEL TEETH POST HOLE DIGGER	MODERATELY INDURATED GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.	
COLOR	TRICONE TUNG, CARS. HAND AUGER	INDURATED GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE;	·
DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YELLOW-BROWN, BLUE-GRAY).	CORE BIT SOUNDING ROD VANE SHEAR TEST	DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.	
MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC, ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.		EXTREMELY INDURATED SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE; SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.	
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WBS 41					SF-960			TY WILKES	S		GEOL	OGIST Elliott	, D. C.		WBS 416	65.1C			TIP	SF-9606	94 COL	NTY WILKE	5		GE	OLOGIST Elli	ott, D. C.	
SITE DES	CRIPT	ON Bri	dge No	694 c	ver North I	Prong L	ewis Fork	on SR 1304	(Boone	Trail)			GROU	UND WTR (ft)	SITE DESC	RIPTIO	N Brid	ige No	. 694 ov	ver North P	rong Lewis Fo	k on SR 1304	(Boone	Trail)	•			GROUND WTR (
BORING	NO. E	B1-A		ST	ATION 1	3+28	·	OFFSET	13 ft L	-	ALIG	NMENT -L-	0 HR	. N/A	BORING N	O. EB1	1-B		ST	ATION 13	+14	OFFSET	20 ft R1	Т	AL	IGNMENT -L-		O HR. N
COLLAR	ELEV.	1,214.6	ft	TC	TAL DEPT	rH 17.2	2 ft	NORTHIN	G 893	805	EAST	ING 1,320,01	1 24 HR	. Dry@3.9'	COLLARE	LEV. 1	,214.7	ft	то	TAL DEPTI	1 14.8 ft	NORTHIN	G 893,	,774	EA	STING 1,319,	995	24 HR. Dry@12
DRILL RIG	/HAMME	R EFF./D/	ATE AF	O0070	CME-550X 8	1% 09/0	3/2009	,	DRILL	METHO	D NW Casing	w/ SPT	HAMMER TYP	E Automatic	DRILL RIG/H	IAMMER	EFF./DA	TE AF	O0070 C	ME-550X 81	% 09/03/2009		DRILL	METHO	D NW Cas	ing w/ SPT	HAM	MER TYPE Automatic
DRILLER	Coffe	y, Jr., C.		ST	ART DATE	02/26	5/14	COMP. DA	ATE 02	/26/14	SURF	ACE WATER D	EPTH N/A		DRILLER	Cheek,	D. O.		STA	ART DATE	02/26/14	COMP. DA	ATE 02	2/26/14	su	RFACE WATER	DEPTH 1	N/A
ELEV DRI	VE DE	TH BL	ow col	TNI		BLOW	S PER FOO	т	SAME	$\cdot \nabla /$	16	SOIL AND	ROCK DESCRIPTIO	NN!	ELEV DRIV	E DEPTH		ow cor	JNT	1	BLOWS PER F	ООТ	SAMP	. /	L O	SOIL AN	D ROCK DE	SCRIPTION
(ft) (ft	=V (1	t) 0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0 2	25	50	75 100	NO.	МО	G ELEV. (ft)		DEPTH (ft)	(ft) (ft)	(ft)	0.5ft	0.5ft	0.5ft	0 25	5 50	75 100	NO.	MOI	G	SUIL AI	D ROCK DE	
1215					+						1,214.6	GRO	UND SURFACE	0.0	1215			1							1,214	17 G	ROUND SUR	FACE
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